

Beyond Mie Theory: Systematic Computation of Bulk Scattering Parameters based on Microphysical Wave Optics

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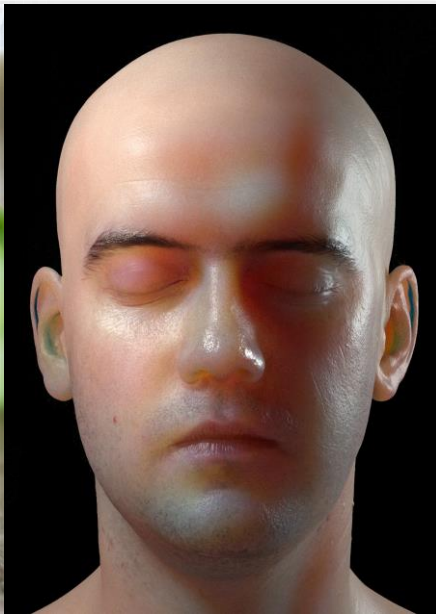
Participating media



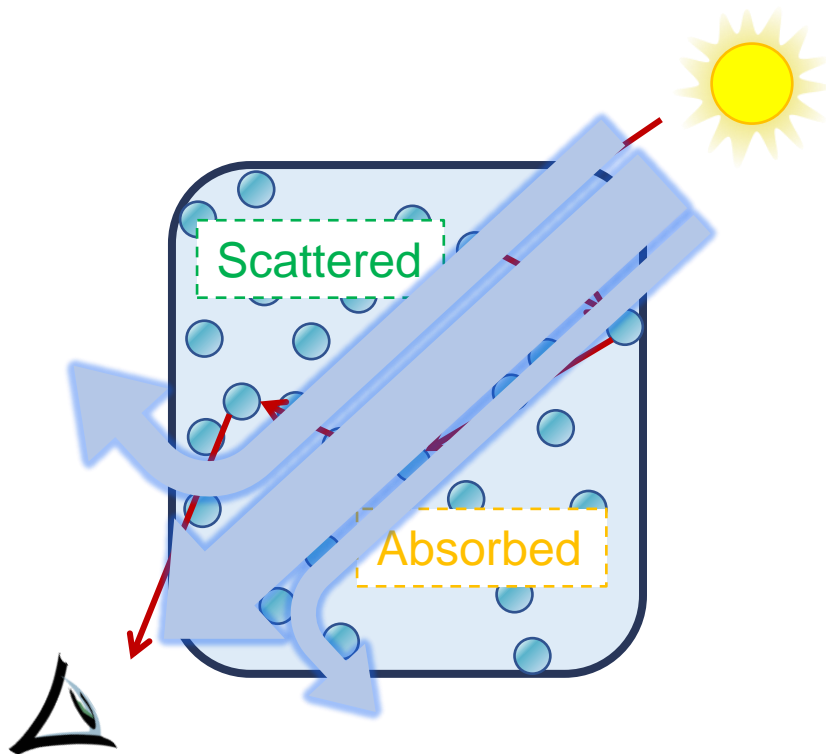
Participating media - translucent materials



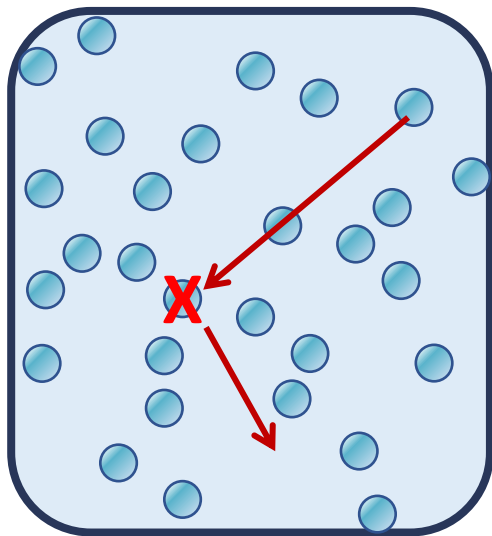
SIGGRAPH
ASIA 2021
TOKYO



Radiative transfer theory (RTT)



Bulk scattering parameters



σ_t : Extinction coefficient

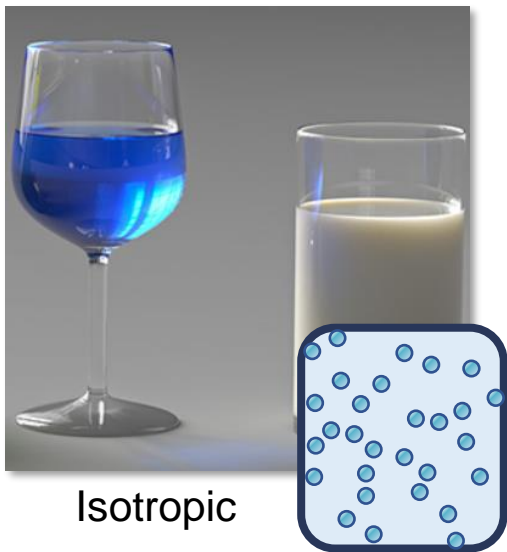
σ_s : Scattering coefficient

σ_a : Absorption coefficient

$$(\sigma_a = \sigma_t - \sigma_s)$$

f_p : Phase function

Types of media



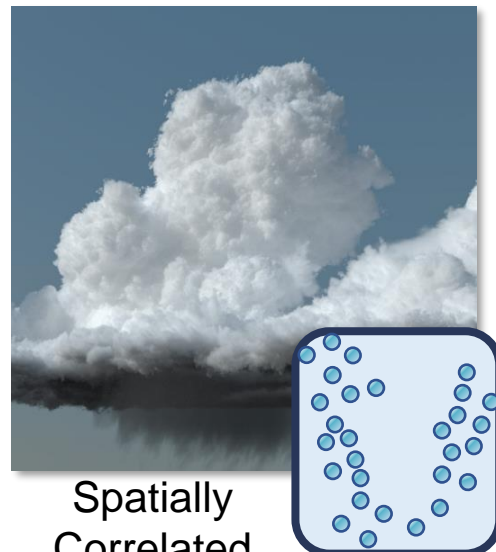
Isotropic

$$\sigma_t \quad \sigma_s \quad f_p(\omega' \cdot \omega)$$



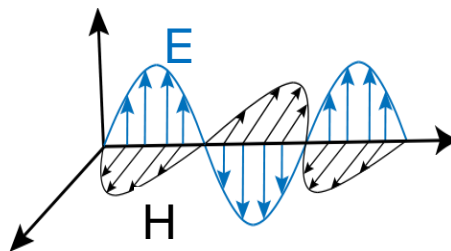
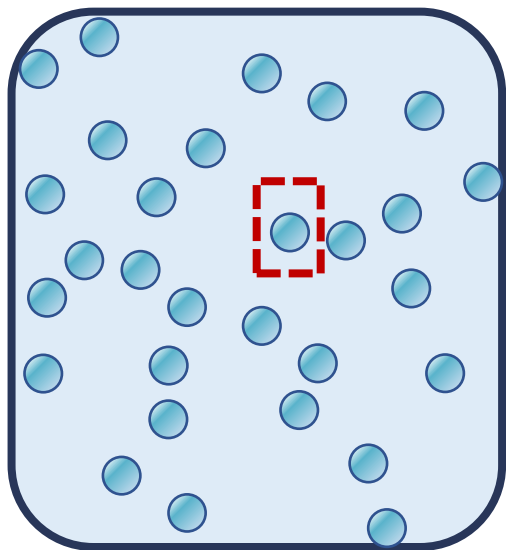
Anisotropic
[Jakob 2010]

$$\sigma_t(\omega) \quad \sigma_s(\omega) \quad f_p(\omega' \rightarrow \omega)$$

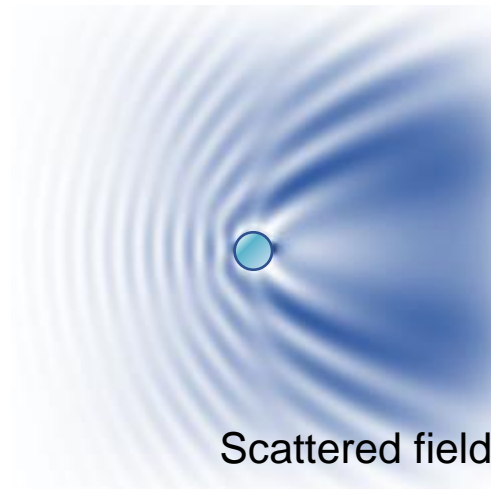


Spatially
Correlated
[Jarabo 2018; Bitterli 2018]

Lorenz-Mie theory



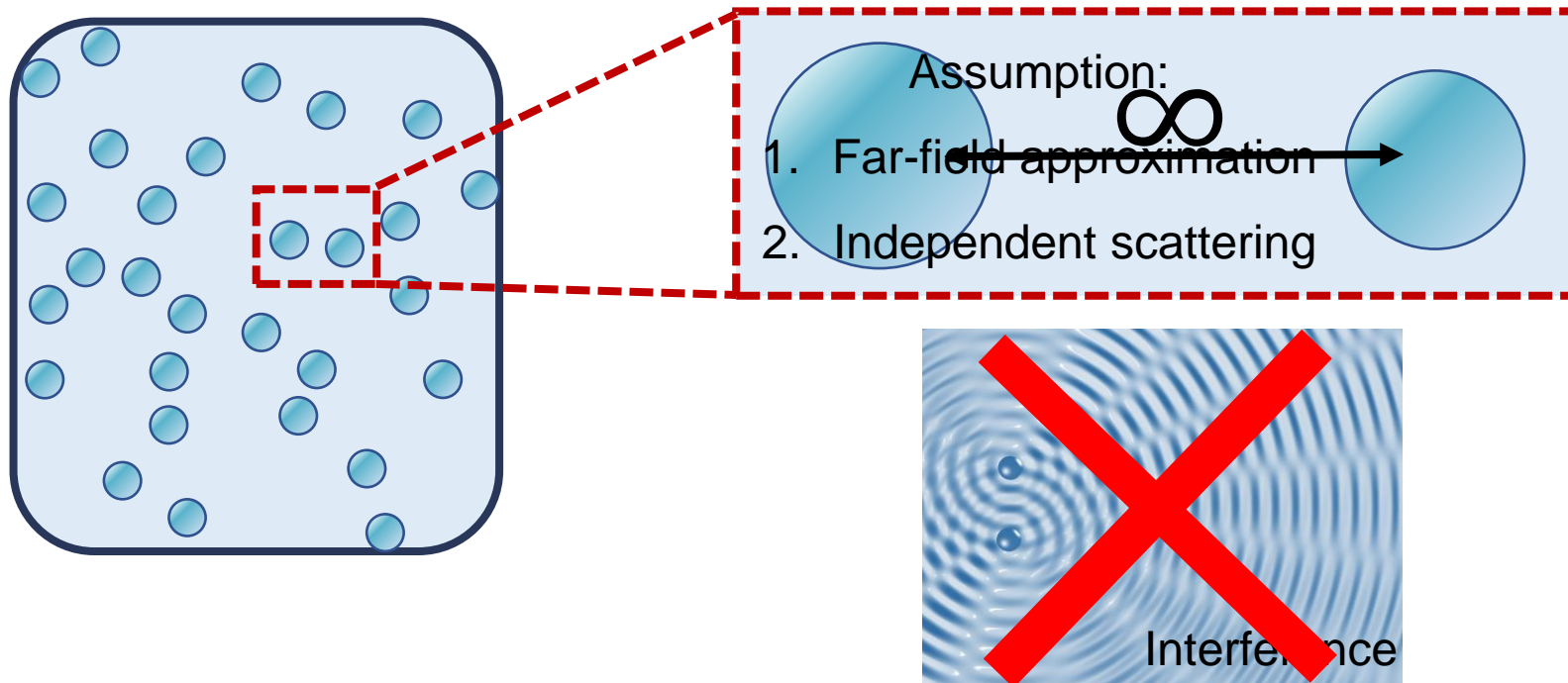
Electromagnetic plane wave



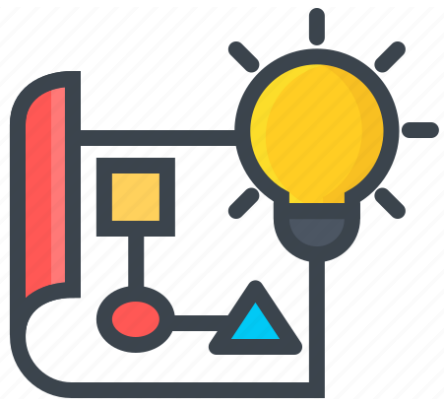
Scattered field

Lorenz-Mie theory

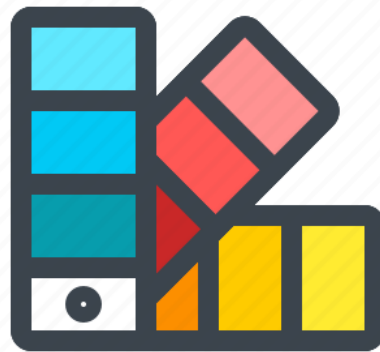
Far-field approximation



Contribution



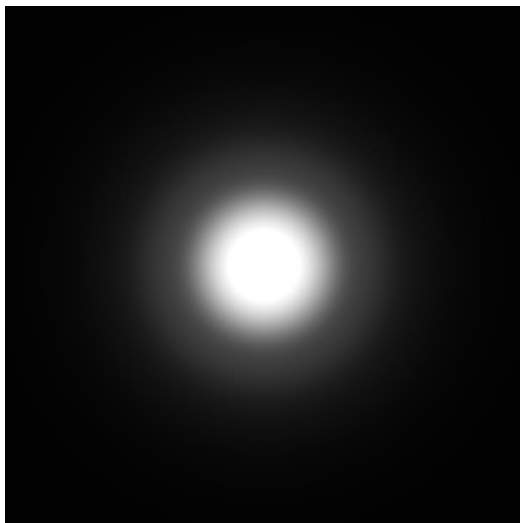
A computational framework for modeling light scattering beyond Lorenz-Mie theory.



Support wide range of participating media.

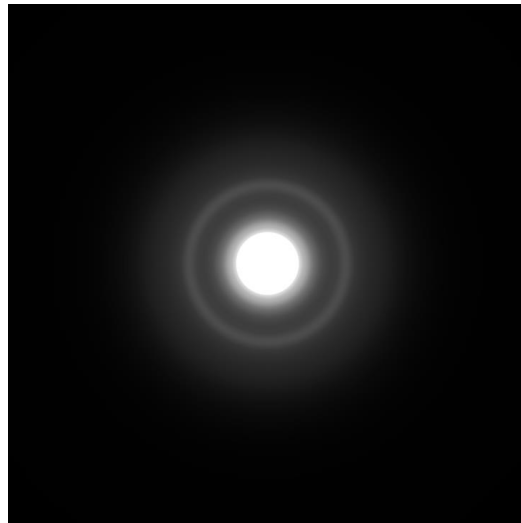
Result preview

Lorenz-Mie:



(Far-field assumption)

Ours:

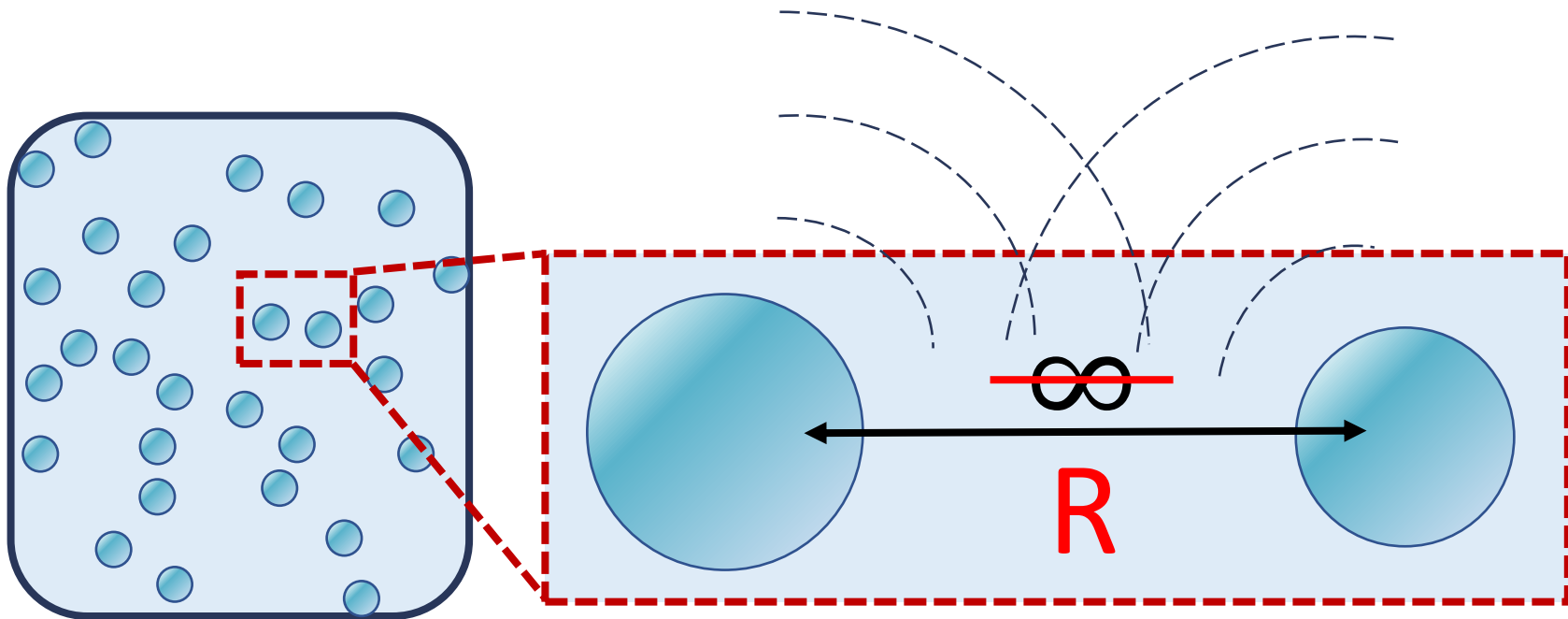


(Near-field interaction)

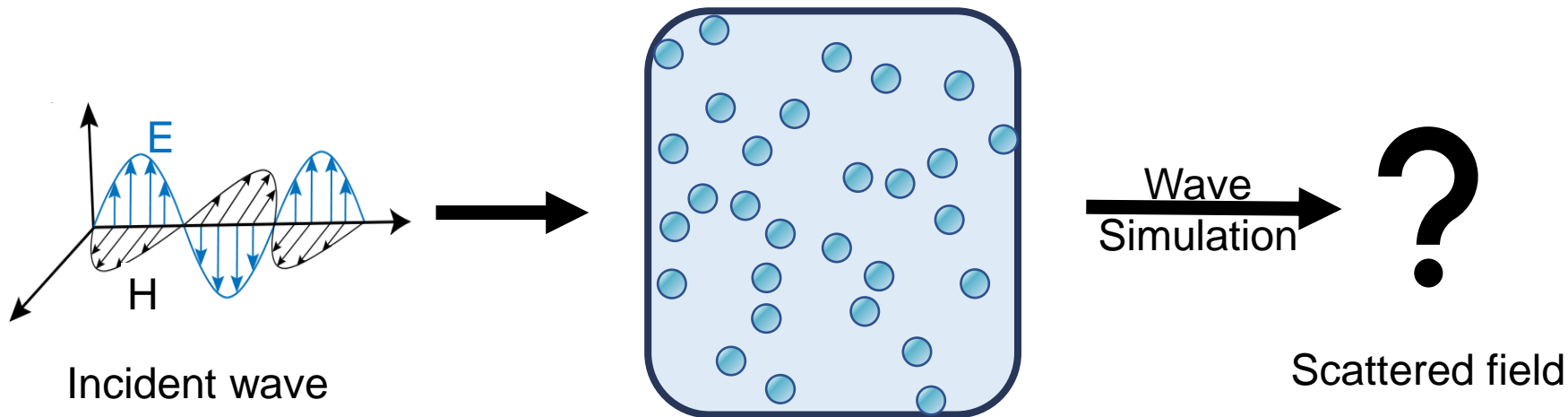
Wavelength = 700nm
Particle radius = 300nm

Our method

Going beyond far-field

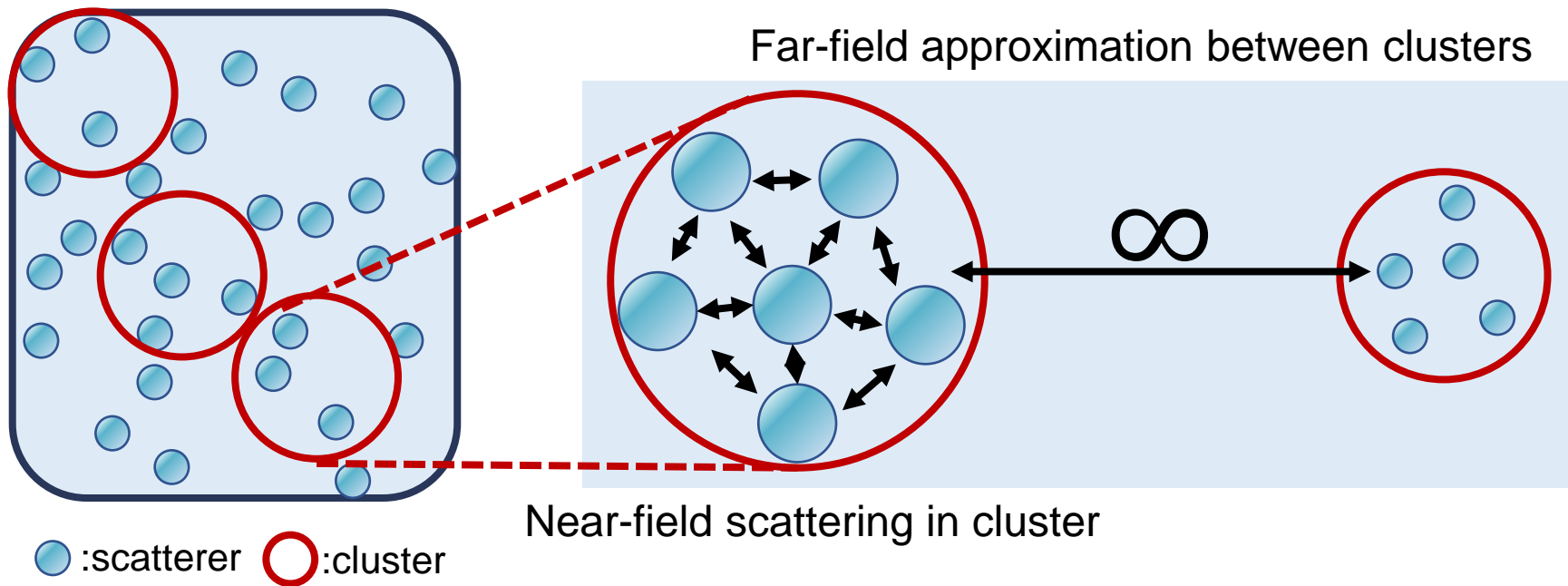


Going beyond far-field

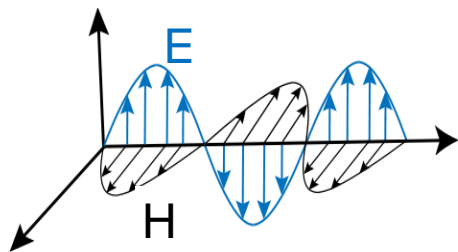


Too extensive to solve

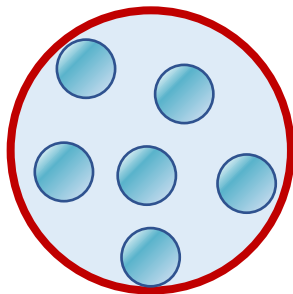
Our method



Our method



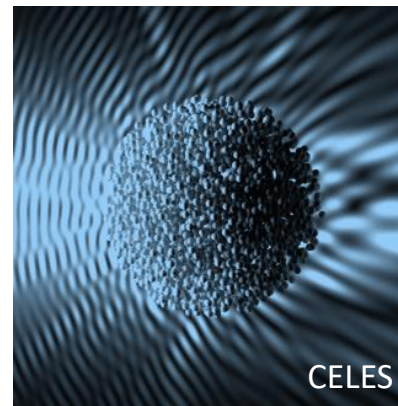
Incident wave



Cluster

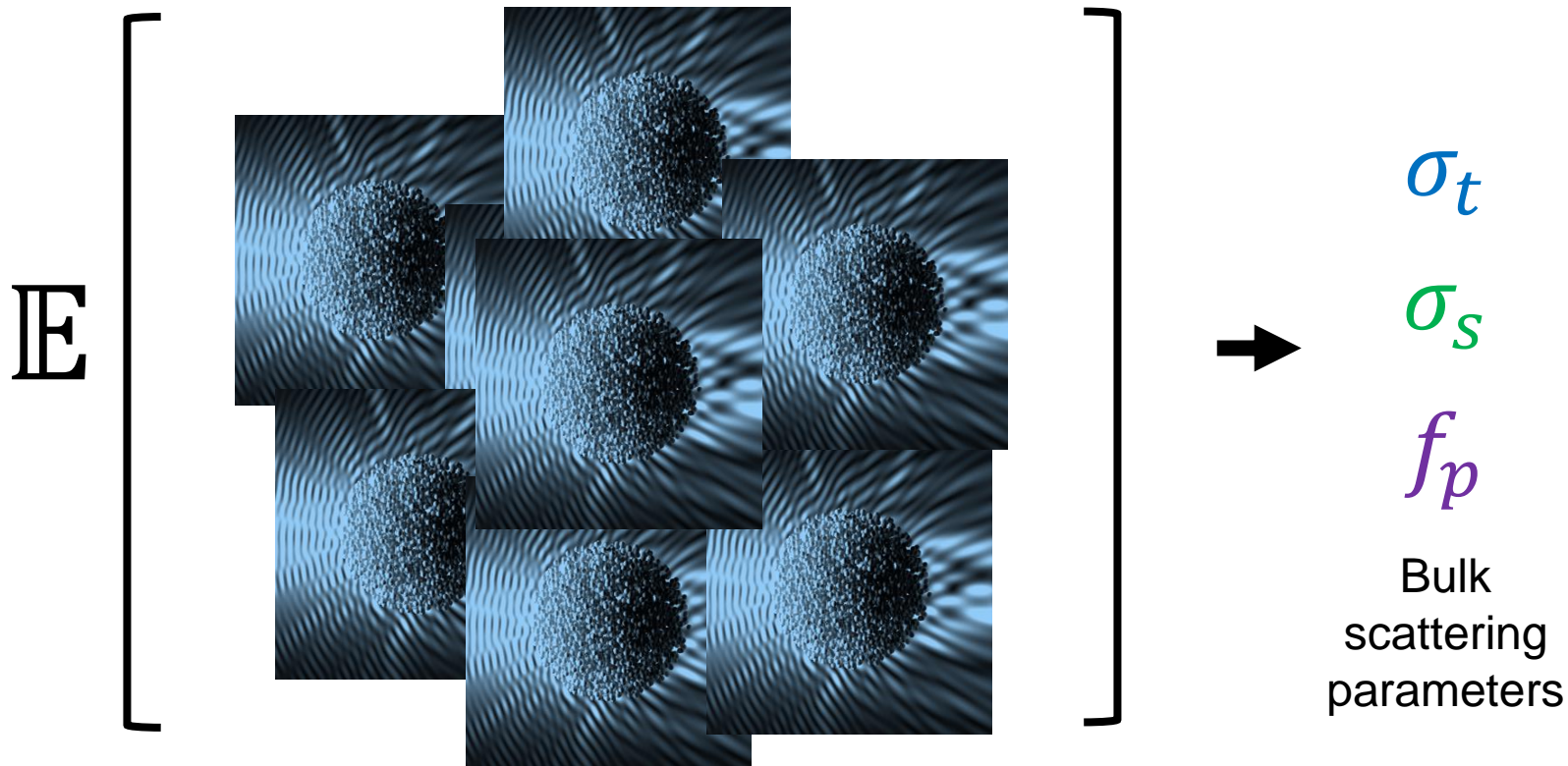
(number of particles,
distance between
particles, particle
radius, IOR)

Wave
Simulation

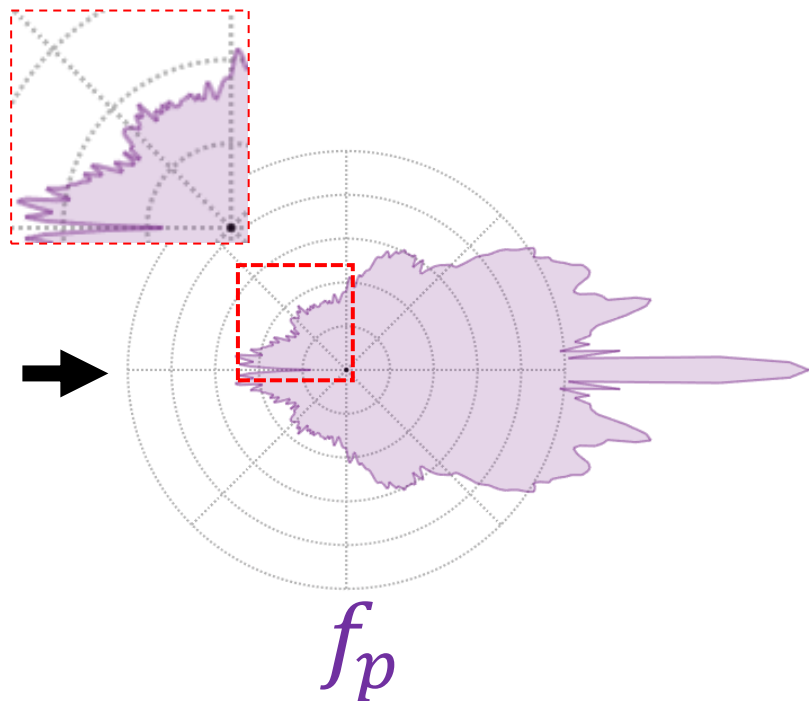
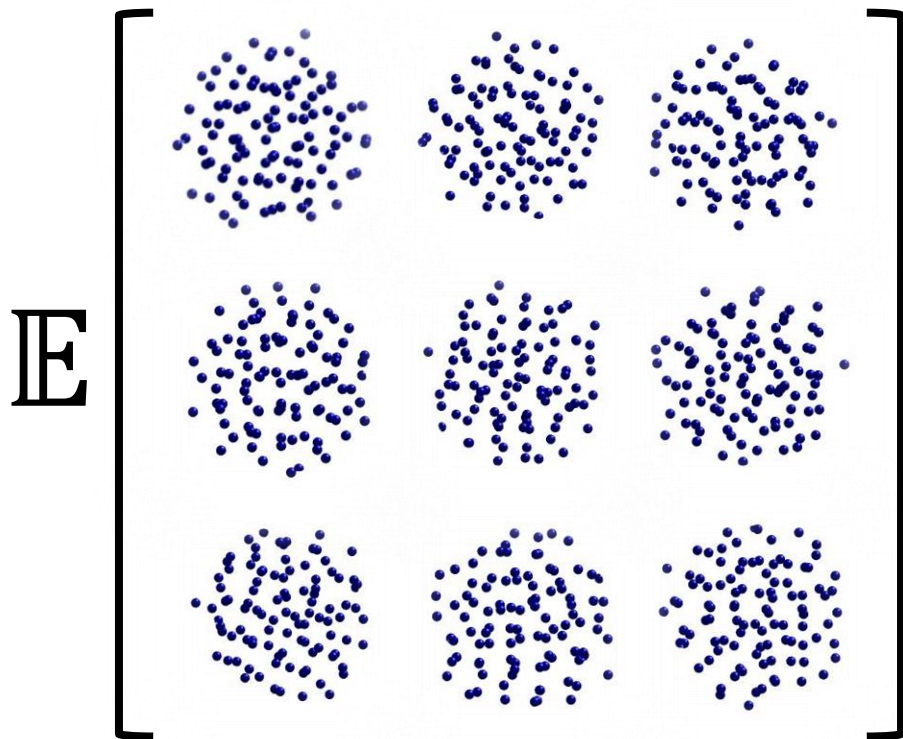


Scattered
field

Our method

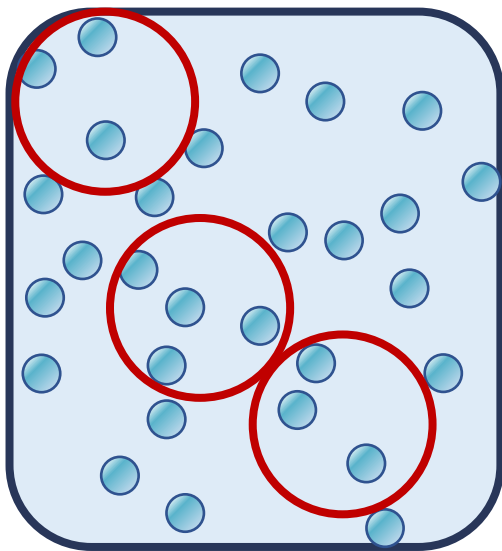


Different realizations

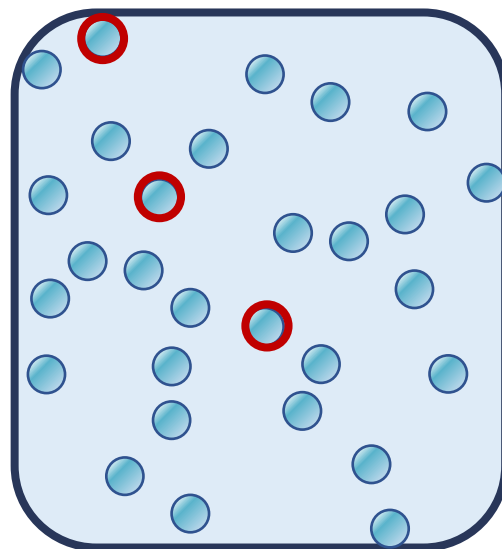
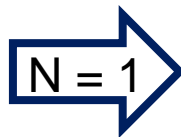


Validation

Validation



Clusters of particles

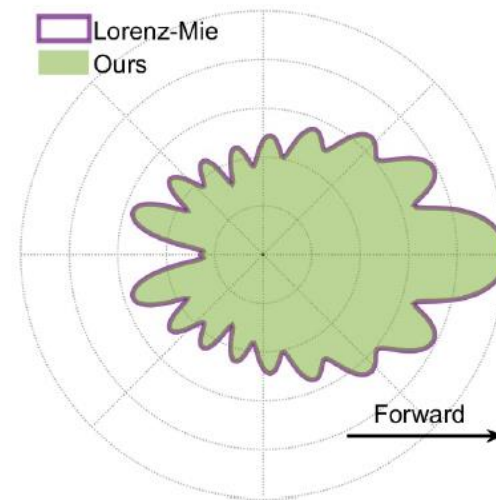
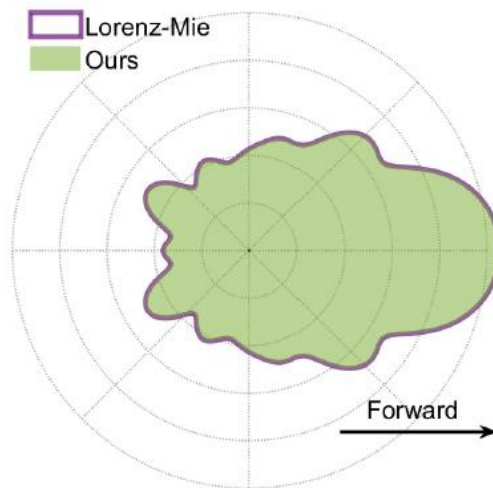
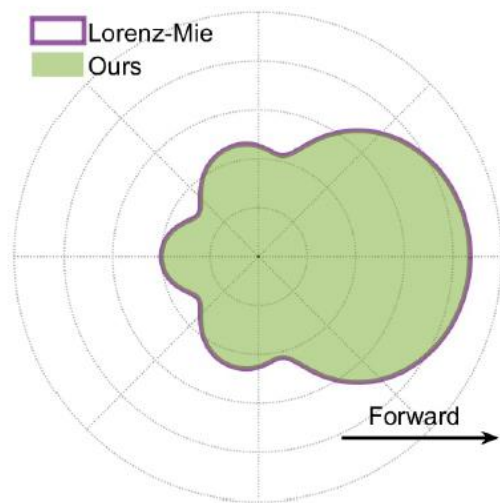


Independent particle

Validation

Phase function:


[Wavelength: 600nm]



Particle radius:


300nm


600nm


900nm

Experiments

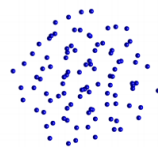
Isotropic – particle size



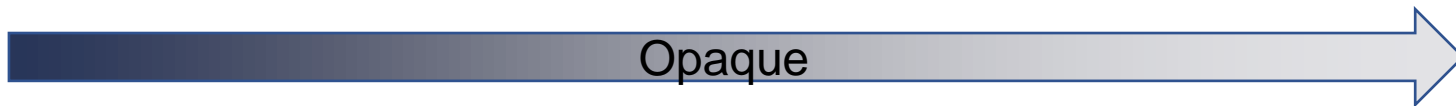
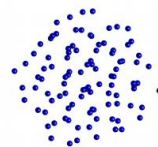
$a_i=400\text{nm}$



$a_i=500\text{nm}$



$a_i=600\text{nm}$



Isotropic – cluster capacity



N=20



N=100

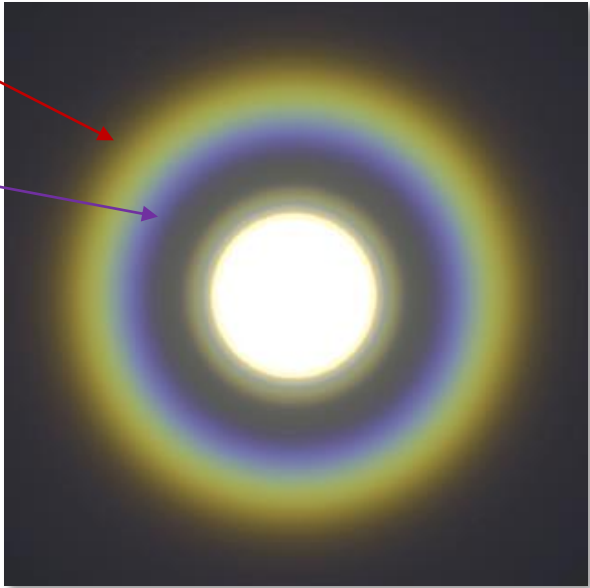
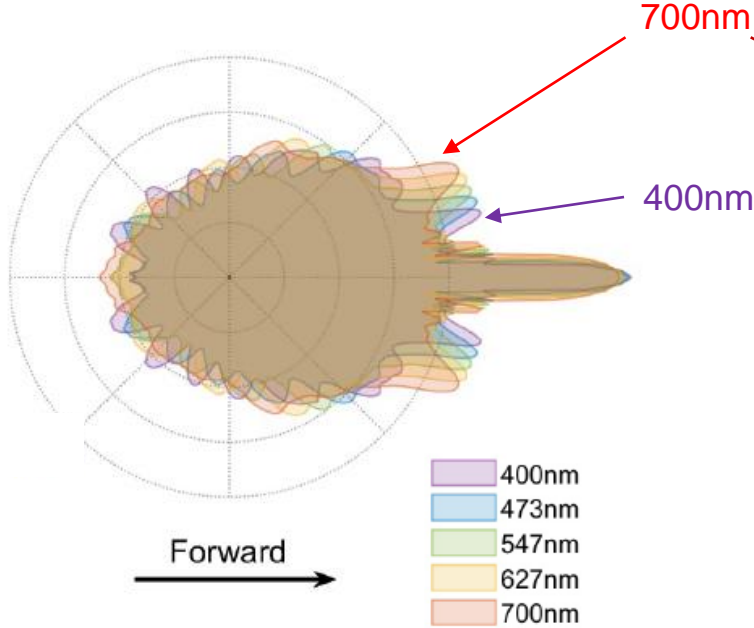


N=500

Transmittance

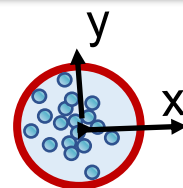
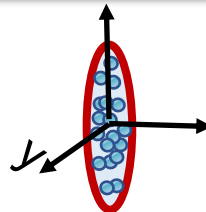
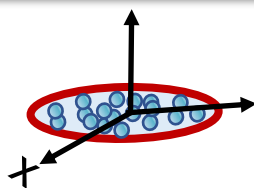
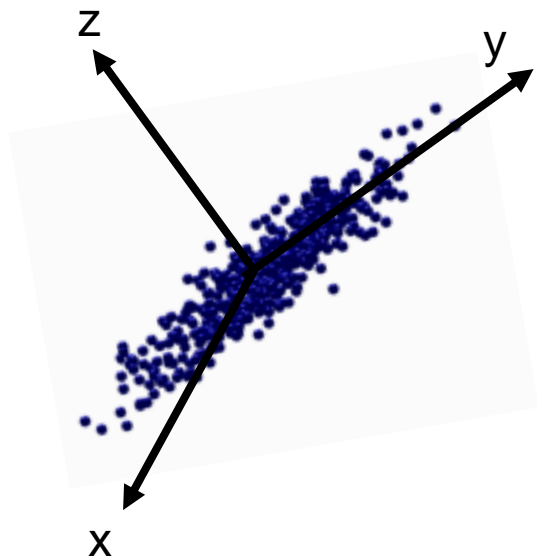
Multi-spectral

Phase function:



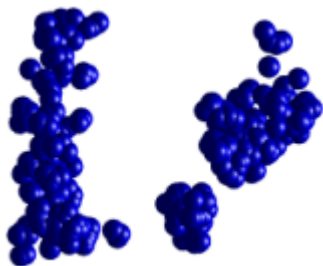
Thin-slab rendering

Anisotropic

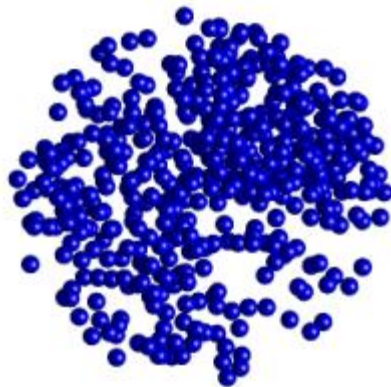


Spatially correlated

Positively
correlated:

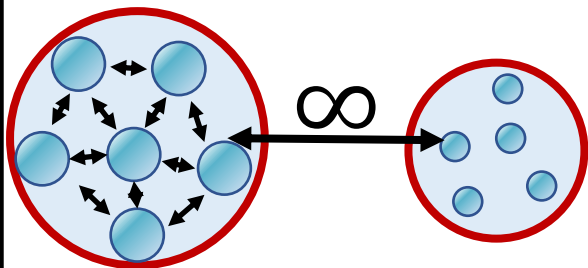


Negatively
correlated:

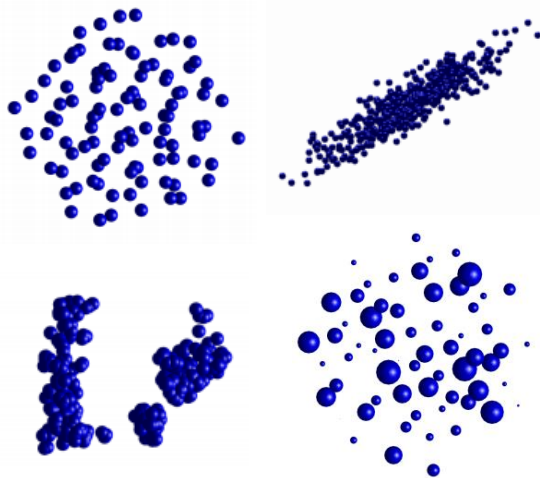


Summary

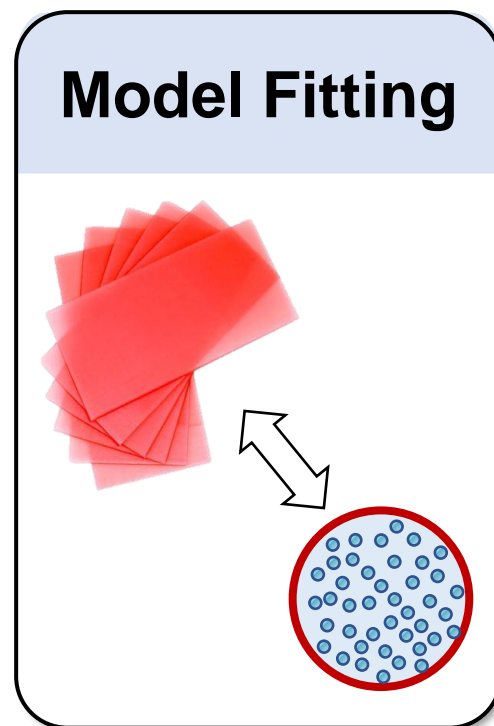
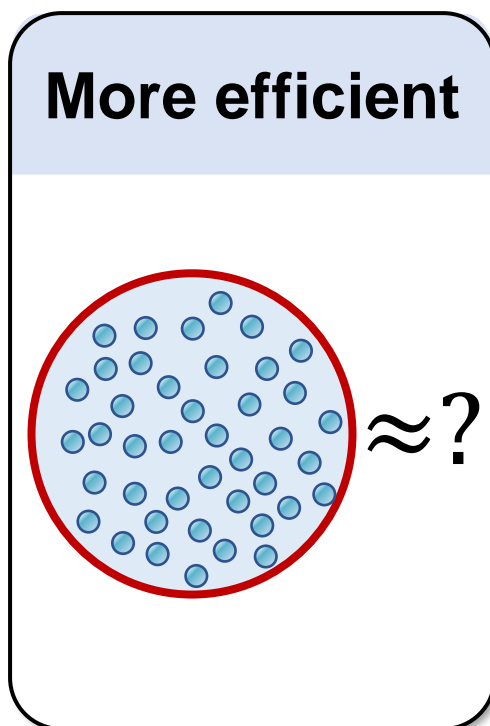
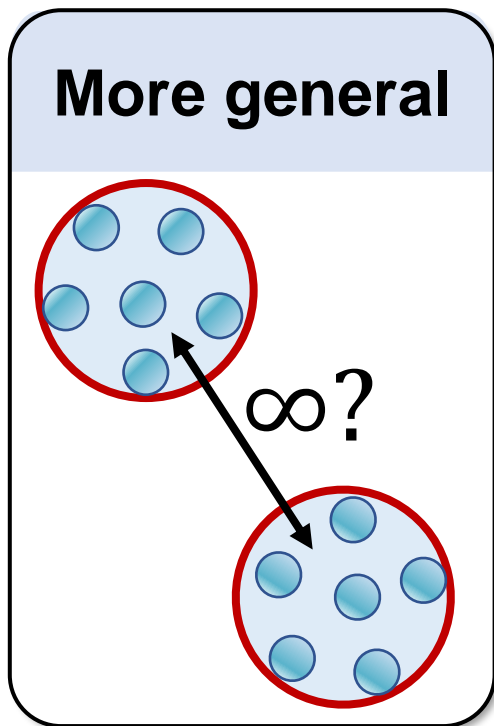
New framework



Type of media



Limitations & future works



Thank you!



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Acknowledgements:

- Anonymous reviewers
- Grants
 - NSF 1813553
 - ERC 682080, 956585
 - Spanish Ministry of Science and Innovation (PID2019-105004GBI00)



Project page